

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier:** X130 SCREEN WEB ADHESIVE

**Other means of identification**

**SDS number:** RE1000037335

**Recommended restrictions**

**Product Use:** Adhesive

**Restrictions on use:** Not known.

**Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information**

**Manufacturer**

Company Name: D3 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS, INC.  
Address: 11968 MONARCH STREET  
GARDEN GROVE, CA 92841  
Telephone: 1-714-892-1999  
Fax:

**Emergency telephone number:** 1-866-836-8855

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Hazard Classification**

**Physical Hazards**

Flammable aerosol Category 1

**Health Hazards**

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A  
Toxic to reproduction Category 2  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity -  
Single Exposure Category 3<sup>1</sup>

**Target Organs**

1. Narcotic effect.

**Environmental Hazards**

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment Category 3

**Label Elements**

**Hazard Symbol:**



**Signal Word:** Danger

**Hazard Statement:** Extremely flammable aerosol.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
Harmful to aquatic life.

**Precautionary Statements**

**Prevention:** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:** IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

**Storage:** Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

**Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):** None.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
2-Propanone	67-64-1	20 - <50%
Propane	74-98-6	20 - <50%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	10 - <25%
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1 - <5%
Hexane	110-54-3	0.1 - <1%
Pentane	109-66-0	0.1 - <1%

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Ingestion:</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	Move to fresh air.
<b>Skin Contact:</b>	Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water after work.
<b>Eye contact:</b>	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Symptoms:** No data available.

**Hazards:** No data available.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Treatment:** No data available.

**5. Fire-fighting measures**

**General Fire Hazards:** Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

**Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical:** Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**

**Special fire fighting procedures:** No data available.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:** Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**6. Accidental release measures**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Dike far ahead of larger spill for later recovery and disposal.

**Notification Procedures:** Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Dike for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.

**Environmental Precautions:** Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Store locked up. Aerosol Level 3

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control Parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
2-Propanone	STEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	750 ppm 1,780 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (09 2006)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	250 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	TWA	750 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	3,000 ppm	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (09 2006)
	STEL	500 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
Propane	TWA PEL	500 ppm 1,200 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (09 2006)
	REL	250 ppm 590 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA PEL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (09 2006)

	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	PEL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)
	TWA PEL	300 ppm 1,350 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (01 2015)
	STEL	400 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (01 2015)
	TWA	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
	REL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	ST ESL	3,500 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	AN ESL	350 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	TWA	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Mist.	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (01 2010)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Mist.	TWA PEL	5 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (09 2006)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Vapor.	AN ESL	100 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	ST ESL	1,000 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
Hexane	TWA PEL	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (09 2006)
	TWA	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
	TWA	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	500 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	REL	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	50 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	AN ESL	200 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	ST ESL	6,200 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	AN ESL	57 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	ST ESL	1,700 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
Pentane	TWA	1,000 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2014)
	Ceil_Time	610 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical

			Hazards (2005)
	REL	120 ppm 350 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm 2,950 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	600 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	STEL	750 ppm 2,250 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	600 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
	STEL	750 ppm 2,250 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
	TWA PEL	600 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (09 2006)
	ST ESL	59,000 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	AN ESL	7,100 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	AN ESL	2,400 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)
	ST ESL	20,000 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (11 2016)

### Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
2-Propanone (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2015)
Hexane (2,5-Hexanedion, without hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.5 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2018)

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

No data available.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**General information:** Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

**Eye/face protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin Protection**  
**Hand Protection:** No data available.

**Other:** No data available.

**Respiratory Protection:** In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.

**Hygiene measures:** Avoid contact with eyes. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not smoke. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state:</b>	liquid
<b>Form:</b>	Aerosols
<b>Color:</b>	No data available.
<b>Odor:</b>	No data available.
<b>Odor threshold:</b>	No data available.
<b>pH:</b>	No data available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point:</b>	No data available.
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range:</b>	No data available.
<b>Flash Point:</b>	-104.4 °C
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	No data available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	No data available.
<b>Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%):</b>	No data available.
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%):</b>	No data available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%):</b>	No data available.
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%):</b>	No data available.
<b>Vapor pressure:</b>	3,378.4 - 4,757.4 hPa (20 °C)
<b>Vapor density:</b>	No data available.
<b>Density:</b>	No data available.
<b>Relative density:</b>	No data available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility in water:</b>	No data available.
<b>Solubility (other):</b>	No data available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):</b>	No data available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>	No data available.
<b>Decomposition temperature:</b>	No data available.
<b>Viscosity:</b>	No data available.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity:</b>	No data available.
<b>Chemical Stability:</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b>	No data available.
<b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	Avoid heat or contamination.
<b>Incompatible Materials:</b>	No data available.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** No data available.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation:** No data available.

**Skin Contact:** No data available.

**Eye contact:** No data available.

**Ingestion:** No data available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation:** No data available.

**Skin Contact:** No data available.

**Eye contact:** No data available.

**Ingestion:** No data available.

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

##### Oral

**Product:** Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

##### Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone LD 50 (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

White mineral oil (petroleum) LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Hexane LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Pentane LD 50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

##### Dermal

**Product:** Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.



<b>Specified substance(s):</b> 2-Propanone	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 7,426 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 3,750 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Hexane	LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Pentane	LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

**Inhalation Product:** Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

<b>Specified substance(s):</b> 2-Propanone	LC 50 (Rat): 50.1 mg/l LC 50: > 5 mg/l
Propane	LC 50 (Mouse): 1,237 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LOAEL (Human): 2,400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> LC 50 (Rat): > 7,630 mg/m <sup>3</sup> LC 50: > 5 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LC 50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l
Hexane	LC 50 (Rat): > 31.86 mg/l LC 50: > 5 mg/l
Pentane	LC 50 (Rat): > 25.3 mg/l LC 50: > 5 mg/l

**Repeated dose toxicity Product:** No data available.

<b>Specified substance(s):</b> 2-Propanone	NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 10,000 ppm(m) Oral Experimental result, Key study
Propane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 1,250 mg/kg Oral Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study

White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 28 d): > 375 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Supporting study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 10,000 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): >= 20,000 ppm(m) Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal): 1,000 mg/kg Dermal Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 210 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	NOAEL (Mouse(Male), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 500 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Mouse(Male), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 1,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation, 16 Weeks): 3,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Mouse(Female), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 500 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Pentane	LOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation): 3,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Supporting study NOAEL (Rat, Inhalation): 3,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Supporting study NOAEL (Rat, Inhalation): 30 mg/l Inhalation Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): >= 6,646 ppm(m) Inhalation Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 20,000 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

**Product:**

No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-Propanone

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Supporting study

White mineral oil (petroleum)

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Pentane

in vivo (Rabbit): Not classified as an Irritant Experimental result, Key study

**Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation**

**Product:**

No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-Propanone

Irritating.  
Rabbit, 24 hrs: Minimum grade of severe eye irritant

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

White mineral oil (petroleum)

Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Hexane

Rabbit, 1 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Pentane  
Rabbit, 48 hrs: Not irritating  
Rabbit, 24 hrs: Not irritating  
Rabbit, 1 hrs: Not irritating  
Rabbit, 1 hrs: Not irritating

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-Propanone	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Pentane	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

**Carcinogenicity**

**Product:** No data available.

**IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:**

No carcinogenic components identified

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:**

No carcinogenic components identified

**US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):**

No carcinogenic components identified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

**In vitro**

**Product:** No data available.

**In vivo**

**Product:** No data available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Hexane Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-Propanone Inhalation - vapor: Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.  
Hexane Inhalation - vapor: Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Hexane Inhalation - vapor: Nervous System - Category 2

**Target Organs**

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: Narcotic effect.

**Aspiration Hazard**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
White mineral oil (petroleum)	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Hexane	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Other effects:** No data available.

**12. Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicity:**

**Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:**

**Fish**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-Propanone	LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 5,540 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Propane	LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LC 50 (96 h): 8.41 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
White mineral oil (petroleum)	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study LL 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Hexane	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l Mortality
Pentane	NOAEL (Oncorhynchus kisutch, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study LL 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 27.55 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 4.26 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

**Aquatic Invertebrates**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-Propanone	LC 50 (Daphnia pulex, 48 h): 8,800 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 4.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
White mineral oil	NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

(petroleum)

Hexane EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 21.85 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study  
LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h): > 50 mg/l Mortality

Pentane EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 48.11 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study  
EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 2.8 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study  
EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 2.7 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study  
EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 9.1 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

#### Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

##### Fish

**Product:** No data available.

##### Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Other, Key study  
NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Other, Key study

White mineral oil (petroleum) NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss):  $\geq$  1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study

Hexane NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 2.8 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Pentane NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 6.165 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

##### Aquatic Invertebrates

**Product:** No data available.

##### Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone LOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study  
NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2,212 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Experimental result, Key study  
NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

White mineral oil (petroleum) NOAEL (Daphnia magna):  $\geq$  1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study

Hexane NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 4.888 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Pentane NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 10.76 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

##### Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

**Product:** No data available.

#### Persistence and Degradability

##### Biodegradation

**Product:** No data available.

##### Specified substance(s):

2-Propanone 90.9 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Propane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	90.35 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study
White mineral oil (petroleum)	31 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting study
Hexane	81 % Detected in water. Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study
Pentane	87 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 3 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 48.8 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 71.43 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across based on grouping of substances (category approach), Supporting study 65.5 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

**BOD/COD Ratio**

**Product:** No data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-Propanone	Haddock, adult, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 0.69 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Not specified
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 10 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Estimated by calculation, Key study
Hexane	Pimephales promelas, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 501.19 Aquatic sediment QSAR, Key study
Pentane	Pimephales promelas, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 171 Aquatic sediment QSAR, Key study

**Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Log Kow: > 2.4 - < 5.7 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 5.2 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 6.1 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study
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**Mobility in soil:** No data available.

**Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments**

2-Propanone	No data available.
Propane	No data available.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	No data available.
White mineral oil (petroleum)	No data available.
Hexane	No data available.
Pentane	No data available.

**Other adverse effects:** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions:** Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

**Contaminated Packaging:** No data available.

### 14. Transport information

#### DOT

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es) Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	II
Marine Pollutant:	No
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

#### IMDG

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es) Class:	2
Label(s):	–
EmS No.:	–
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

**IATA**

UN Number: UN 1950  
Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable  
Transport Hazard Class(es):  
    Class: 2.1  
    Label(s): –  
Packing Group: –  
  
Environmental Hazards: No  
Marine Pollutant: No  
  
Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

**15. Regulatory information**

**US Federal Regulations**

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

**US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):**

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Propane	lbs. 100
Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-	lbs. 100
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Pentane	lbs. 100

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**Hazard categories**

- Fire Hazard
- Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
- Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard
- Flammable aerosol
- Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
- Toxic to reproduction
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance**

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
2-Propanone		
Hexane		

**SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification**

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
2-Propanone	lbs. 5000
Propane	lbs. 100
Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-	lbs. 100
Hexane	lbs. 5000
Pentane	lbs. 100



**SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical**

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
2-Propanone	10000 lbs
Propane	10000 lbs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10000 lbs
White mineral oil (petroleum)	10000 lbs
Hexane	10000 lbs
Pentane	10000 lbs

**SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):**

**Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)**

**US State Regulations**

**US. California Proposition 65**

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Hexane Male reproductive toxin. 12 2017

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Chemical Identity

2-Propanone  
Propane  
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light  
Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-  
White mineral oil (petroleum)

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

**US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances**

Chemical Identity

2-Propanone  
Propane  
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light  
Methane, 1,1'-oxybis-  
White mineral oil (petroleum)

**US. Rhode Island RTK**

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

**International regulations**

**Montreal protocol**

2-Propanone  
Hexane

**Stockholm convention**

2-Propanone --  
Hexane --

**Rotterdam convention**

2-Propanone --

Hexane

--

**Kyoto protocol**

**Inventory Status:**

Australia AICS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan (ENCS) List:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada NDSL Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Philippines PICCS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Japan ISHL Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Mexico INSQ:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Ontario Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

<b>Issue Date:</b>	07/30/2019
<b>Revision Information:</b>	No data available.
<b>Version #:</b>	1.0
<b>Further Information:</b>	No data available.

**Disclaimer:**

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.